TOPS DEFINITION OF MEASURES AND CALCULATIONS

NB: These may apply differentially as per the nature of the terminal operations

| Measure | Definition | Calculation | Applicable | Exclusions |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Terminal berthing delays | The average delay per vessel as a direct result of the terminal expressed in hours | Total of all (vessel actual berthing time - vessel planned berthing time) / total number of vessels delayed for a given period. The allowance of 30 minutes is to be considered as a buffer, thus any delay that is less than 30 minutes won't be considered as a delay. | Terminals with dedicated berths only | Force majeure (Weather delays) Surge, under currents External power supply failures |
| Berth Productivity | Total volume handled during the total time vessel is on berth expressed in tons/hour, Kl/hour, Moves/hour, Units/hour | Total volume for a given period (in tons, KI, units or containers) /Total time vessel is on berth. Total time vessel is on berth is the sum for all vessels during the month (last rope untied – first rope tied) | Terminals with dedicated berths only | Force majeure (Weather delays) |
| Ship Working Hour | Total volume handled during the total productive working hours for the vessel expressed in tons/hour, Kl/hour, Moves/hour or units/hour. | Total volume for a given period (in tons, KI, units or containers) / Total vessel productive. Total vessel productive time is the sum for all vessels during the month (last swing or cargo move) – (first swing or cargo move) | All terminals | Surge, under currents External power supply failures |
| Truck turnaround time | The average service time of road haulers within the terminal expressed in minutes or hours | Total of (gate time out - gate time in) / total number of haulers for the period | Terminals using road trucks | Force majeure (Weather delays) External power supply failures |
| Truck queuing outside Terminal | The truck congestion on public roads outside the terminal resulting from unmanaged truck arrival patterns. Average waiting time for trucks outside terminal expressed in minutes or hours | Total of all (truck gate in time minus truck arrival in queue) / number of trucks per sample | Terminals using road trucks | Trucks not en-route to terminal or without firm delivery / upliftment order External power supply failures |



TOPS DEFINITION OF MEASURES AND CALCULATIONS

| Measure | Definition | Calculation | | Exclusions |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Rail turnaround time | The average service time of trains arriving and departing the terminal expressed in hours | Total of (yard time out - yard time in) / total number of trains for the period | Terminals using Rail | Rolling stock in holding in rail yards Force majeure (Weather delays) External power supply failures |
| Cargo dwell time in terminal | The average period that cargo stays within the terminal between the times of arrival to loading and vessel discharge until terminal gate exit expressed in hours or days. Imports, exports and transhipments to be indicated separately | | All commodities except Liquid Bulk | Commercial arrangements borne in mind |
| | For liquid bulk terminals the average dwell time is to be the tank turn days. | Tank turn = volume for the period divided by tank capacity. Tank turn days (which should be the average dwell time) = Available days divided by tank turn. | Liquid Bulk Terminals | Planned outage days. |
| Terminal throughput | Total cargo handled (imported, exported and transhipped) by the terminal over a given period expressed in tons, KI, TEU's or units | | All Terminals | Volume of refinery product stored in port is not regarded as import or export cargo but included in capacity |